

FORM PTO-1390 (Modified) EV 11-98		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER <b>112740-275</b>	
<b>TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES</b> <b>DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)</b> <b>CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371</b>				U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR <div style="font-size: 1.5em; font-weight: bold; text-align: center;">09/936488</div>	
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. <b>PCT/DE00/00728</b>		INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE <b>08 March 2000</b>		PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED <b>10 March 1999</b>	
TITLE OF INVENTION <b>METHOD FOR ALLOCATION OF A QUALITY OF SERVICE FOR A PACKET SYSTEM</b>					
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US <b>Rudolf Bitzinger et al.</b>					
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a <b>FIRST</b> submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.</li> <li>2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a <b>SECOND</b> or <b>SUBSEQUENT</b> submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.</li> <li>3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).</li> <li>4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.</li> <li>5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2))           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).</li> <li>b. <input type="checkbox"/> has been transmitted by the International Bureau.</li> <li>c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).</li> </ol> </li> <li>6. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).</li> <li>7. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210).</li> <li>8. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).</li> <li>b. <input type="checkbox"/> have been transmitted by the International Bureau.</li> <li>c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.</li> <li>d. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made.</li> </ol> </li> <li>9. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).</li> <li>10. <input type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)).</li> <li>11. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409).</li> <li>12. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).</li> </ol> <p><b>Items 13 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>13. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.</li> <li>14. <input type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.</li> <li>15. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A <b>FIRST</b> preliminary amendment.</li> <li>16. <input type="checkbox"/> A <b>SECOND</b> or <b>SUBSEQUENT</b> preliminary amendment.</li> <li>17. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification.</li> <li>18. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.</li> <li>19. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail</li> <li>20. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other items or information:</li> </ol> <div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-top: 10px; padding: 5px;">         Submission of Drawings - Figures 1-2 on two sheets       </div>					

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR 09/936488	INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/DE00/00728	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 112740-275
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21. The following fees are submitted:.

**BASIC NATIONAL FEE ( 37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5) ) :**

- |                                     |   |                   |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO . . . . . | <b>\$1,000.00</b> |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO . . . . .   | <b>\$860.00</b>   |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO . . . . .  | <b>\$710.00</b>   |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) . . . . .   | <b>\$690.00</b>   |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) . . . . .   | <b>\$100.00</b>   |

**ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =****CALCULATIONS** PTO USE ONLY

**\$860.00**

Surcharge of **\$130.00** for furnishing the oath or declaration later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (e)).

**\$0.00**

CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	
Total claims	16 - 20 =	0	x \$18.00	\$0.00
Independent claims	1 - 3 =	0	x \$80.00	\$0.00
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable).			<input type="checkbox"/>	\$0.00

**Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable).**

**TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =**

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**SUBTOTAL =**

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Processing fee of **\$130.00** for furnishing the English translation later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (f)).

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**TOTAL NATIONAL FEE**

**\$860.00**

Free for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31) **(check if applicable)**.

**\$0.00**

TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED 31

**\$860.00**

Amount to be: refunded	\$
charged	\$

- ☒ A check in the amount of **\$860.00** to cover the above fees is enclosed.
- ☐ Please charge my Deposit Account No. \_\_\_\_\_ in the amount of \_\_\_\_\_ to cover the above fees.  
A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. **02-1818** A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

**NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.**

**SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:**

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SIGNATURE

**William E. Vaughan**

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

**39,056**

REGISTRATION NUMBER

**September 10, 2001**

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

09/936488

1 0 SEP 2001  
Docket No.**CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY "EXPRESS MAIL" (37 CFR 1.10)**

Applicant(s): Rudolf Bitzinger et al.

112740-275

Serial No.

Filing Date

Examiner

Group Art Unit

Invention: **METHOD FOR ALLOCATION OF A QUALITY OF SERVICE FOR A PACKET SYSTEM**

I hereby certify that the following correspondence:

Transmittal letter to the United States Designated/Elected office in duplicate, International application as filed, amended page, English translation, amended page, Preliminary Amendment, Submission of Drawings Figures 1-2 on two sheets, IDS, PTO 1449, references, search report, filing fee \$860.00, postcard

*(Identify type of correspondence)*

is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 in an envelope addressed to: The Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231 on

September 10, 2001*(Date)*  
Robert Buccieri*(Typed or Printed Name of Person Mailing Correspondence)**(Signature of Person Mailing Correspondence)*

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UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY-CHAPTER II

5

**PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

APPLICANTS: Rudolf Bitzinger et al. DOCKET NO: 112740-275

SERIAL NO: GROUP ART UNIT:

EXAMINER:

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO: PCT/DE00/00728

10 INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE: 08 March 2000

INVENTION: METHOD FOR ALLOCATION OF A QUALITY OF  
SERVICE FOR A PACKET STREAM

15 Assistant Commissioner for Patents,  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Please amend the above-identified International Application before entry  
into the National stage before the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office under 35

20 U.S.C. §371 as follows:

**In the Specification:**

Please replace the Specification of the present application, including the  
Abstract, with the following Substitute Specification:

S P E C I F I C A T I O N

25

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

METHOD FOR ALLOCATION OF A QUALITY OF SERVICE FOR A PACKET  
STREAM

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

30 Modern packet-oriented networks, also referred to as "data networks", have  
until now been designed essentially for the transmission of packet streams, which  
are also referred to in the specialist world as "data packet streams". In this case,  
there is normally no need for any guaranteed transmission Quality of Service. The

data packet streams are thus transmitted, for example, with fluctuating time delays since the individual data packets in the data packet streams are normally transmitted in the sequence of their network access; that is to say, the time delays become greater the greater the number of packets to be transmitted by a data network. In the  
5 specialist world, transmission of data is, therefore, also referred to as a transmission service without any realtime conditions, or as a "non-realtime service".

In the course of convergence of line-oriented voice and packet-oriented data networks, realtime services, that is to say transmission services subject to the realtime conditions such as the transmission of voice or moving picture  
10 information, are likewise increasingly being provided in packet-oriented networks. That is the previously normal realtime services which were transmitted on a line-oriented basis are transmitted in a packet-oriented manner, or in packet streams, in a convergent voice/data network. These are also referred to as "realtime packet streams". This results in the problem that a high Quality of Service is required for  
15 packet-oriented transmission of a realtime service whose quality is comparable to that when using line-oriented transmission. In particular, a minimal, for example < 200 ms, delay without any fluctuations in the delay time is important, since realtime services generally require a continuous information flow and any loss of information, such as that resulting from packet losses, cannot be compensated for  
20 by transmitting the rejected packets once again. Since, in principle, these Quality of Service requirements apply to all networks using packet-oriented transmission, they are independent of the specific configuration of a packet-oriented network. The packets may, in consequence, be in the form of Internet, x.25 or frame-relay packets, or in the form of ATM cells.

25 In order to transmit voice and picture information via the packet-oriented Internet, also referred to as "VoIP" - the International Standards (in particular, the H.323 Standard) contain proposed protocols for transmission through the Internet. In this case, the network is broken down into a number of "H.323 zones", in each of which "gatekeepers" are provided for

- converting E.164 telephone numbers to computer names and/or to their Internet addresses,
- permissibility checking for incoming and outgoing calls,
- management of transmission capacities, and

5 - registration of H.323 terminals.

Since, however, the present H.323 Standards do not include any guaranteed Qualities of Service for Internet transmission, the present VoIP technology has the disadvantage that the quality of voice and picture transmission decreases as the number of packets to be transmitted by the Internet rises. In this context,

10 K. Nichols, "Differentiated Services Operational Model and Definitions", IETF Draft, 1998 proposes that a number of service classes be introduced in the packet-oriented Internet, which previously did not guarantee any Qualities of Service. In this case, the individual packet streams are each allocated to a specific service class and are transmitted with high priority or low priority in comparison to packets in  
15 other service classes, depending on their service class, by the transmission nodes in the Internet. The Quality of Service required for realtime services can, thus, be guaranteed, for example, by allocating the associated realtime packet streams to a service class which is transmitted with high priority by the nodes in the Internet - the realtime packet streams are thus prioritized over the data packet streams.

20 In principle, network access monitoring is required at least for the prioritized traffic for priority-controlled transmission since the required Quality of Service can be guaranteed only when the number of prioritized packets supplied to the network is not greater than the maximum number which can be transmitted by the network. To this end, network gateway devices - also referred to as "edge  
25 devices" - have been proposed for the Internet with a number of service classes, and these devices provide the network access monitoring. In this case, the edge devices can

- set priority tags in the packets depending on the priority of their packet streams,
- monitor priority tags of packet streams and correct them if necessary, if the  
30 packets are already tagged with priorities, and

- monitor the transmission capacity of prioritized packet streams.

Until now, there has been no control over the allocation of the Quality of Service; that is, there is a problem as to how Qualities of Service for the packet streams are requested, allocated and signaled to the edge devices before being transmitted. A method is known, in which a reservation protocol RSVP is used by each transmission node in a communications network, to request a Quality of Service required for the transmission of a packet stream, and in which the packet stream is not transmitted if at least one transmission node cannot provide the requested Quality of Service. In this case, the reservation protocol RSVP must be provided in each of the transmission nodes.

The present invention is thus directed toward designing a method for allocation of a Quality of Service for the transmission of a packet stream via a packet-oriented communications network with service classes.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

A major aspect of the present invention is the allocation of a Quality of Service for a service in which the service is provided in at least one communications network which transmits packets and/or packet streams in a packet-oriented manner as a function of Qualities of Service, use of the service is requested with a controller, and the controller allocates the Quality of Service for the requested use of the service as a function of the service and/or of the requested use of the service. A major advantage of the present invention is that the use of the service is requested rather than the allocation of a Quality of Service. The controller can thus allocate different Qualities of Service to the requested service, for example with a high Quality of Service if the transmission capacity in the communications network is sufficient, and with a low Quality of Service if the transmission capacity in the communications network is insufficient. Furthermore, the Quality of Service is advantageously allocated on a packet-stream-specific basis. This is a particular advantage if transmission with a guaranteed packet-stream-specific Quality of Service is not provided in the communications network.

According to an embodiment of the method according to the present invention, the use of the service is requested without stating the Quality of Service. There is, thus, no need to determine the Quality of Service when requesting use of the service.

5           According to another embodiment of the method according to the present invention, the service is in the form of transmission of information; in particular, voice information. In a further embodiment of the method, when the service is being used by the communications network, at least one packet stream which is allocated to the service is transmitted with the Quality of Service. The invention  
10           can, thus, preferably be used to satisfy particular Quality of Service requirements for the transmission of voice information via a packet-oriented communications network; in particular, an integrated voice/data network.

          According to another embodiment of the present invention, the controller checks whether the requested use of the service can be provided with the intended  
15           Quality of Service by the communications network. The check is then carried out by the controller and not by the communications network, thus relieving the load on the communications network.

          According to an embodiment of the method according to the present invention, the controller signals the Quality of Service of the packet stream to a  
20           network gateway device, before the network gateway device transmits the packet stream with its Quality of Service to the packet-oriented communications network. This advantageously leads to the packet stream being transmitted by the network gateway device with the allocated Quality of Service to the communications network.

25           According to another embodiment of the method according to the present invention, at least one acknowledgement of the signaled Quality of Service is required for the permissibility of the packet stream. This ensures that the packet stream is permissible only if the allocated Quality of Service can be transmitted. The signaling and subsequent acknowledgement of the Quality of Service can, thus,  
30           be integrated in the permissibility check, by which the permissibility check and the



allocation of the Quality of Service can be carried out as a unit, that is to say consistently.

According to another embodiment of the method according to the present invention, the Quality of Service is signaled with the aid of signaling packets. The  
5 signal then can be transmitted in the same way that the packet stream is transmitted.

According to a further embodiment of the method according to the present invention, at least one high Quality of Service and one low Quality of Service are provided in the communications network. In this case, the present invention provides for the packet streams with a high Quality of Service to be transmitted  
10 with priority by the network gateway device. Packet streams which are intended for transmitting information in realtime, that is to say with delay times that are as short as possible, can thus be transmitted with priority over packet streams which can transmit information with variable delay times. Examples of information which are transmitted with a high Quality of Service are voice or video telephony. Examples  
15 of information which are transmitted with a low Quality of Service are E-mail, files or Internet pages.

According to another embodiment of the method according to the present invention, a Quality of Service tag is provided in the packets in the data streams. In this case, the network gateway device transmits those packet streams which are to  
20 be transmitted by it with a high Quality of Service with a first Quality of Service tag which represents the high Quality of Service, and transmits the remaining packet streams with a second Quality of Service tag, which represents the low Quality of Service. Transmitting the allocated Quality of Service in the packets in the data stream thus makes it possible, by reading the Quality of Service tag in the  
25 transmission node in the communications network, to determine the allocated Quality of Service while the packet stream is being transmitted, thus making it unnecessary to store the allocated Quality of Service in the transmission nodes.

According to an embodiment of the method according to the present invention, the Quality of Service is produced on the basis of priorities, with the high  
30 Quality of Service being stated as the high priority and the low Quality of Service



provided in each case. The packets PA are used to transmit information INF which, for example, represents voice information V or data D. The communications networks KN are connected to one another via a network gateway device NE, with the Internet IN being connected by a first network gateway device NE (ED (1)) to the local area network L1 and by a second network gateway device NE (ED (2)) to the LAN L2, and with the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) in this case, for example, being in the form of a first edge device ED (1), and the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) being in the form of a second edge device ED (2). A first telephone T (1) and a first computer C (1) are also connected to the LAN L1, and a second telephone T (2) and a second computer C (2) are connected to the LAN L2, in both cases via network gateway devices NE which, for example, are in the form of plug-in cards K, electrical circuits ES or programs P. Voice information V is transmitted in voice packet streams STV between the two telephones T (1), T (2) - from the telephone T (1) to the telephone T (2) in a first packet stream ST1 and in the opposite direction in a second packet stream ST2 and data D is transmitted by a third packet stream ST3 from the computer C (1) to the computer C (2). At least in the Internet IN, the packets PA in this case have Quality of Service tags DK, which are in the form of Quality of Service tags HDK representing the high Quality of Service HD in the packets PA in the packet streams ST1, ST2, and are in the form of Quality of Service tags NDK which represent the low Quality of Service ND in the packets PA in the packet stream ST3. The Quality of Service tags DK are in this case, for example, in the form of priority tags PK. Furthermore, a controller SF is provided in each of the two LANs L1, L2 and, in accordance with the International VoIP Standard H.323, is in the form of a gatekeeper GK for controlling the transmission of voice information V, with a first gatekeeper GK (1) being arranged in the LAN L1 and a second gatekeeper GK (2) being arranged in the LAN L2, and with these gatekeepers being connected by network gateway devices NE to the respective LANs L1, L2. Signaling packets MP are interchanged between the gatekeepers GK and the edge devices ED, with first signaling packets M (1) being transmitted between the gatekeeper GK (1) and the network gateway device NE

(ED (1)), second signaling packets MP (2) optionally being transmitted between the network gateway devices NE (ED (1)), NE (ED (2)), and third signaling packets M (3) being transmitted between the gatekeeper GK (2) and the network gateway device NE (ED (2)). Furthermore, service use packets NP are transmitted between the telephones T and the gatekeepers GK, with first service use packets NP (1) being transmitted between the telephone T (1) and the gatekeeper GK (1), and second service use packets NP (2) being transmitted between the telephone T (2) and the gatekeeper GK (2).

By way of example, Figure 2 uses a flowchart to show the information interchange, which takes place when transmitting VoIP in accordance with VoIP Standards H.225 and H.245, between the end points EP which are in the form of telephones T (1) and T (2), the first gatekeeper GK (1) and the second gatekeeper GK (2), as well as the information interchange according to the present invention between the two gatekeepers GK (1), GK (2) and the two network gateway devices NE (ED (1)), NE (ED (2)), with signals M and acknowledgements B according to the present invention also being provided in accordance with VoIP Standards H.225 and H.245, in addition to the message interchange. In this case - preferably using the signaling packets MP (1) - a first signal M (11), a second signal M (12), a third signal M (13) and a fourth signal M (14) are transmitted from the gatekeeper GK (1) to the network gateway device NE (ED (1)), and a first acknowledgement B (11) is transmitted from the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) to the gatekeeper GK (1). Analogously - preferably with the signaling packets MP (3) - a fifth signal M (21), a sixth signal M (22), a seventh signal M (23) and an eighth signal M (24) are, according to the present invention, transmitted from the gatekeeper GK (2) to the network gateway device NE (ED (2)), and a second acknowledgement B (21) is transmitted from the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) to the gatekeeper GK (2).

For the exemplary embodiment, it is assumed that a number of Qualities of Service DG are provided, at least in the Internet IN, and are indicated to the Internet via the Quality of Service tag DK provided in the Internet packets IP. Furthermore,

data D is already being transmitted by the computer C (1) to the computer C (2) via the packet stream ST3 with the low Quality of Service ND. It is now also intended to transmit voice information V between the two end points EP, for example the telephones T (1), T (2), and this is intended to be done at least via the Internet IN using a high Quality of Service HD. To this end, once a telephone number which is structured in accordance with the International Standard E.164 has been entered, the telephone T (1) requests a connection to the telephone T (2). This is also referred to as call admission CA. During the first call admission CA (1), the telephone T (1) makes a request in the LAN L1 to transmit the packet stream ST1 to the telephone T (2), by the telephone T (1) sending a first admission request message ARQ (1) to the gatekeeper GK (1). The gatekeeper GK (1) then translates at least the telephone number to the Internet address of the telephone T (2). According to the present invention, the gatekeeper GK (1) also assigns the high Quality of Service HD to the packet stream ST1 and signals this to the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) via the signal M (11). For example, a transmission capacity of 64 kbps could be requested. The gatekeeper GK (1) then transmits a first admission confirmation message ACF (1) to the telephone T (1), and this can, optionally, be done as a function of the acknowledgement B (11) sent back as the response from the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) to the gatekeeper GK (1). The telephone T (1) then initiates the process of setting up a connection to the telephone T (2) by sending to the telephone T (2) a call set-up message CS in accordance with the internationally standardized monitoring protocol H.225. In this case, inter alia, the protocol and port number of the telephone T (1) are also signaled to the gatekeeper GK (1), and are signaled by the gatekeeper GK (1) to the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) using the signal M (12).

Since, owing to the bidirectional character of a voice connection, two voice packet streams STV - the packet stream ST1 for transmission of the voice information V from the telephone T (1) to the telephone T (2), and the packet stream ST2 for transmitting the voice information V from the telephone T (2) to the telephone T (1) - are required, the telephone T (2) requests the packet stream ST2,

once the call set-up message CS has been received. The packet stream ST2 is set up analogously to the setting up of the packet stream ST1. Following this, the telephone T (2) makes a second call admission CA (2), with the gatekeeper GK (2) signaling, once a second admission request message ARQ (2) has been received, the requested high Quality of Service HD to the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) via the signal M (21) according to the present invention. This could be acknowledged in an analogous manner using the acknowledgement B (21). The call admission CA is terminated by a second admission confirmation message ACF (2), following which the second telephone T (2) sends a connect message CO to the first telephone T (1). In order to complete the setting up of the connection, the protocol number and the port number of the telephone T (2) are signaled to the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) using the signal M (22). The voice information V is now transmitted with a high Quality of Service via the packet streams ST1, ST2 between the two telephones T (1), T (2); that is, the transmission takes place with priority over the transmission of the packet stream ST3 which is to be transmitted with the low Quality of Service ND.

After completion of the call, the telephone T (1), for example, initiates the clearing of the connection, also referred to as "End Session", by sending to the telephone T (2) a first call teardown message CT (1) in accordance with International Standard H.245. Once this message has been received, at the earliest, the gatekeeper GK (1) can signal the clearing of the connection to the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) via the signal M (13) following which the reserved high Quality of Service HD could be enabled by the network gateway device NE (ED (1)). Once the first call teardown message CT (1) has been received, the telephone T (2) likewise sends a second call teardown message CT (2), in response to which the gatekeeper GK (2) could also send the signal M (23) to the network gateway device NE (ED (2)). The signals M (13), M (23) contain, for example, the Internet addresses and port numbers of the two telephones T (1) and T (2), protocol numbers and/or the transmission capacities required by the voice packet streams STV. After receiving the call teardown message CT (2), the telephone T (1) sends a

release complete message RC, and then initiates a first call disengage CD (1), by transmitting a first disengage request message DRQ (1) to the gatekeeper GK (1). The gatekeeper GK (1) then uses the signal M (14) to signal to the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) the end of the transmission of the packet stream ST1, and the  
5 call disengage CD (1) is completed by sending a first disengage confirm message DCF (1). After receiving the release complete message RC, the telephone T (2) initiates a second call disengage CD (2) in an analogous manner by transmitting a second disengage request message DRQ (2) to the gatekeeper GK (2). The gatekeeper GK (2) then uses the signal M (24) to signal to the network gateway  
10 device NE (ED (2)) the end of the transmission of the packet stream ST2, and the call disengage CD (2) is completed by sending a second disengage confirm message DCF (2).

According to one variant of the present invention, the signaling packets MP (2) are used to signal the high Quality of Service HD of the packet stream ST1 to  
15 the network gateway device NE (ED (2)). The network gateway device NE (ED (2)) can then transmit the packet stream ST1 with priority; that is, both within the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) itself and, provided this is technically feasible in the LAN L2, by priority transmission to the LAN L2 and/or in the LAN L2.

According to a further variant of the present invention, the Qualities of  
20 Service DG are signaled to the network gateway devices NE (ED (1)), NE (ED (2)) and to the gatekeeper GK using a reservation protocol; for example, the reservation protocol RSVP.

Finally, it should be mentioned that the present invention is not restricted to an Internet IN, but can be used in any packet-oriented communications network KN  
25 with Qualities of Service DG. For example, use in local area networks L1, L2 is envisioned. This is indicated in Figure 1 by the fact that the controllers SF, the computers C (1), C (2) and the telephones T (1), T (2) likewise access the local area networks L1, L2 using network gateway devices NE, in which case configuration of the network gateway device NE according to the present invention via the  
30 controllers SF allows prioritized transmission, that is to say transmission carried out

with a high Quality of Service HD, of voice information V in the local area networks L1, L2.

Indeed, although the present invention has been described with reference to specific embodiments, those of skill in the art will recognize that changes may be made thereto without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as set forth in the hereafter appended claims.

#### ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

For a service which is provided in at least one communications network preferably an Internet with service classes - which transmits packets and/or packet streams on a packet-oriented basis as a function of Qualities of Service, use of a service is requested with a controller, and this controller allocates a Quality of Service for the requested use as a function of the service and/or of the requested use of the service. A VoIP service implemented in accordance with International Standard H.323 can thus be used with a required Quality of Service.

#### In the Claims:

On page 14, cancel line 1, and substitute the following left-hand justified heading therefor:

#### CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 1-16, without prejudice, and substitute the following claims therefor:

17. A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service, which is provided in at least one communications network which transmits at least one of packets and packet streams in a packet-oriented manner as a function of Qualities of Service, the method comprising the steps of:
- requesting, by a controller, use of the service; and
- allocating, via the controller, the Quality of Service for the requested use of the service as a function of at least one of the service and the requested use of the service.



18. A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed in claim 17, wherein the use of the service is requested without stating the Quality of Service.

5 19. A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed in claim 17, wherein the service is the transmission of voice information.

10 20. A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed in claim 17, the method further comprising the step of:  
checking, via the controller, whether the requested use of the service can be provided with the intended Quality of Service by the communications network.

15 21. A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed in claim 17, wherein, when the service is used by the communications network, at least one packet stream which is allocated to the service is transmitted with the Quality of Service.

20 22. A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed in claim 21, the method further comprising the steps of:  
signaling, via the controller, the Quality of Service of the packet stream to at least one network gateway device; and  
transmitting, via the network gateway device, the packet stream with the signaled Quality of Service to the communications network.

25 23. A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed in claim 22, wherein the network gateway device is an edge device.

24. A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed in claim 22, the method further comprising the step of:

requiring at least one acknowledgement of the signaled Quality of Service for the allocation of the Quality of Service.

25. A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed  
5 in claim 22, wherein the Quality of Service is signaled using signaling packets.

26. A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed  
in claim 22, the method further comprising the step of:  
providing at least one high Quality of Service in at least one low Quality of  
10 Service in the communications network.

27. A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed  
in claim 26, wherein packet streams with the high Quality of Service are transmitted  
with priority by the network gateway device.

28. A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed  
in claim 22, the method further comprising the step of:  
providing a Quality of Service tag in the packets.

29. A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed  
in claim 28, wherein the network gateway device transmits packet streams which  
are to be transmitted with a high Quality of Service with a first Quality of Service  
tag which represents the high Quality of Service, and transmits remaining packet  
streams with a second Quality of Service tag which represents the low Quality of  
25 Service.

30. A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed  
in claim 29, the method further comprising the step of:

producing the Quality of Service on the basis of priorities, the high Quality of Service being high priority and the low Quality of Service being low priority, and the Quality of Service tag being a priority tag.

5           31.     A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed in claim 17, wherein the packets are Internet packets.

10           32.     A method for allocating a Quality of Service for a service as claimed in claim 17, wherein the controller is a gate keeper in accordance with International Standard H.323.

#### **REMARKS**

15           The present amendment makes editorial changes and corrects typographical errors in the specification, which includes the Abstract, in order to conform the specification to the requirements of United States Patent Practice. No new matter is added thereby. Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the specification by the present amendment. The attached page is captioned "**Version With Markings To Show Changes Made**".

20           In addition, the present amendment cancels original claims 1-16 in favor of new claims 17-32. Claims 17-32 have been presented solely because the revisions by crossing out and underlining which would have been necessary in claims 1-16 in order to present those claims in accordance with preferred United States Patent Practice would have been too extensive, and thus would have been too burdensome. The present amendment is intended for clarification purposes only and not for  
25           substantial reasons related to patentability pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §§103, 102, 103 or 112. Indeed, the cancellation of claims 1-16 does not constitute an intent on the part of the Applicants to surrender any of the subject matter of claims 1-16.

Early consideration on the merits is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,



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Description

## SPECIFICATION

### TITLE OF THE INVENTION

~~Method for allocation of a Quality of Service for a packet stream~~

#### 5 METHOD FOR ALLOCATION OF A QUALITY OF SERVICE FOR A PACKET STREAM

Modern packet-oriented networks, also referred to as "data networks", have until now been designed essentially for the transmission of packet streams, which are also referred to in the specialist world as "data packet streams". In this case,  
10 there is normally no need for any guaranteed transmission Quality of Service. The data packet streams are thus transmitted, for example, with fluctuating time delays; since the individual data packets in the data packet streams are normally transmitted in the sequence of their network access; that is to say, the time delays become greater the greater the number of packets to be transmitted by a data network. In the  
15 specialist world, transmission of data is, therefore, also referred to as a transmission service without any realtime conditions, or as a "non-realtime service".

In the course of convergence of line-oriented voice and packet-oriented data networks, realtime services, that is to say transmission services subject to the realtime conditions such as the transmission of voice or moving picture  
20 information, are likewise increasingly being provided in packet-oriented networks; ~~that~~ That is to say the previously normal realtime services which were transmitted on a line-oriented basis are transmitted in a packet-oriented manner, ~~that is to say or~~ in packet streams, in a convergent voice/data network. These are also referred to as "realtime packet streams". This results in the problem that a high Quality of Service  
25 is required for packet-oriented transmission of a realtime service whose quality is comparable to that when using line-oriented transmission. In particular, a minimal, for example  $< 200$  ms, delay without any fluctuations in the delay time is important, since realtime services generally require a continuous information flow; and any loss of information, ~~for example~~ such as that resulting from packet losses, cannot be  
30 compensated for by transmitting the rejected packets once again. Since, in principle,

these Quality of Service requirements apply to all networks using packet-oriented transmission, they are independent of the specific configuration of a packet-oriented network. The packets may, in consequence, be in the form of Internet, x.25 or frame-relay packets, or ~~else may be~~ in the form of ATM cells.

5           In order to transmit voice and picture information via the packet-oriented Internet, also referred to as "VoIP" - the International ~~Standard~~ Standards (in particular, the H.323 Standard) contain proposed protocols for transmission through the Internet. In this case, the network is broken down into a number of "H.323 zones", in each of which "gatekeepers" are provided for

- 10       - converting E.164 telephone numbers to computer names and/or to their Internet addresses,
- permissibility checking for incoming and outgoing calls,
- management of transmission capacities, and
- registration of H.323 terminals.

15           Since, however, the present H.323 Standards do not include any guaranteed Qualities of Service for Internet transmission, the present VoIP technology has the disadvantage that the quality of voice and picture transmission decreases as the number of packets to be transmitted by the Internet rises. In this context, K. Nichols, "Differentiated Services Operational Model and Definitions", IETF

20       Draft, 1998 proposes that a number of service classes be introduced in the packet-oriented Internet, which previously did not guarantee any Qualities of Service. In this case, the individual packet streams are each allocated to a specific service class and are transmitted with high priority or low priority in comparison to packets in other service classes, depending on their service class, by the transmission nodes in

25       the Internet. The Quality of Service required for realtime services can, thus, be guaranteed, for example, by allocating the associated realtime packet streams to a service class which is transmitted with high priority by the nodes in the Internet - the realtime packet streams are thus prioritized over the data packet streams.

          In principle, network access monitoring is required at least for the

30       prioritized traffic for priority-controlled transmission, since the required Quality of

Service can be guaranteed only when the number of prioritized packets supplied to the network is not greater than the maximum number which can be transmitted by the network. To this end, network gateway devices - also referred to as "edge devices" - have been proposed for the Internet with a number of service classes, and these devices provide the network access monitoring. In this case, the edge devices can

- set priority tags in the packets depending on the priority of their packet streams,
- monitor priority tags of packet streams and correct them if necessary, if the packets are already tagged with priorities, and
- 10 - monitor the transmission capacity of prioritized packet streams.

Until now, there has been no control over the allocation of the Quality of Service; that is, to say there is a problem as to how Qualities of Service for the packet streams are requested, allocated and signaled to the edge devices before being transmitted. A method is known, in which a reservation protocol RSVP is used by each transmission node in a communications network, to request a Quality of Service required for the transmission of a packet stream, and in which the packet stream is not transmitted if at least one transmission node cannot provide the requested Quality of Service. In this case, the reservation protocol RSVP must be provided in each of the transmission nodes.

20 The present invention is thus ~~based on the object of~~ directed toward designing a method for allocation of a Quality of Service for the transmission of a packet stream via a packet-oriented communications network with service classes. ~~The object is achieved by the features of patent claim 1.~~

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

25 The A major aspect of the present invention is the allocation of a Quality of Service for a service in which the service is provided in at least one communications network which transmits packets and/or packet streams in a packet-oriented manner as a function of Qualities of Service, use of the service is requested with a controller, and the controller allocates the Quality of Service for  
30 the requested use of the service as a function of the service and/or of the requested

use of the service. ~~The~~ A major advantage of the present invention is that the use of the service is requested rather than the allocation of a Quality of Service. The controller can thus allocate different Qualities of Service to the requested service, for example with a high Quality of Service if the transmission capacity in the communications network is sufficient, and with a low Quality of Service if the transmission capacity in the communications network is insufficient. Furthermore, the Quality of Service is advantageously allocated on a packet-stream-specific basis. This is a particular advantage if transmission with a guaranteed packet-stream-specific Quality of Service is not provided in the communications network.

According to ~~one refinement~~ an embodiment of the method according to the present invention, the use of the service is requested without stating the Quality of Service—~~claim 2~~. There is, thus, ~~advantageously~~ no need to determine the Quality of Service when requesting use of the service.

According to ~~a development~~ another embodiment of the method according to the present invention, the service is in the form of transmission of information; in particular, voice information —~~claim 3~~. In ~~accordance with one refinement~~ a further embodiment of the method ~~according to the invention~~, when the service is being used by the communications network, at least one packet stream which is allocated to the service is transmitted with the Quality of Service—~~claim 5~~. The invention can, thus, preferably be used to satisfy particular Quality of Service requirements for the transmission of voice information via a packet-oriented communications network; in particular, an integrated voice/data network.

According to ~~one variant of the method according to~~ another embodiment of the present invention, the controller checks whether the requested use of the service can be provided with the intended Quality of Service by the communications network—~~claim 4~~. The check is ~~thus~~ then carried out by the controller and not by the communications network, thus relieving the load on the communications network.

According to one ~~development~~ embodiment of the method according to the present invention, the controller signals the Quality of Service of the packet stream



to a network gateway device, before the network gateway device transmits the packet stream with its Quality of Service to the packet-oriented communications network —~~claim 6~~. This advantageously ~~means that~~ leads to the packet stream is being transmitted by the network gateway device with the allocated Quality of Service to the communications network.

According to ~~one development~~ another embodiment of the method according to the present invention, at least one acknowledgement of the signaled Quality of Service is required for the permissibility of the packet stream—~~claim 8~~. This ensures that the packet stream is permissible only if the allocated Quality of Service can be transmitted. The signaling and subsequent acknowledgement of the Quality of Service can, thus, be integrated in the permissibility check, by which ~~means~~ the permissibility check and the allocation of the Quality of Service can advantageously be carried out as a unit, that is to say consistently.

According to ~~one refinement~~ another embodiment of the method according to the present invention, the Quality of Service is signaled with the aid of signaling packets—~~claim 9~~. The signal then can ~~thus advantageously~~ be transmitted in the same way that the packet stream is transmitted.

According to ~~one refinement~~ a further embodiment of the method according to the present invention, at least one high Quality of Service and one low Quality of Service are provided in the communications network—~~claim 10~~. In this case, the present invention provides for the packet streams with a high Quality of Service to be transmitted with priority by the network gateway device —~~claim 11~~. Packet streams which are intended for transmitting information in realtime, that is to say with delay times that are as short as possible, can thus be transmitted with priority over packet streams which can transmit information with variable delay times. Examples of information which are transmitted with a high Quality of Service are voice or video telephony. Examples of information which are transmitted with a low Quality of Service are E-mail, files or Internet pages.

According to ~~one refinement~~ another embodiment of the method according to the present invention, a Quality of Service tag is provided in the packets in the

data streams—~~claim 12~~. In this case, the network gateway device transmits those packet streams which are to be transmitted by it with a high Quality of Service with a first Quality of Service tag which represents the high Quality of Service, and transmits the remaining packet streams with a second Quality of Service tag, which represents the low Quality of Service—~~claim 13~~. Transmitting the allocated Quality of Service in the packets in the data stream thus makes it possible, by reading the Quality of Service tag in the transmission node in the communications network, to determine the allocated Quality of Service while the packet stream is being transmitted, thus making it unnecessary to store the allocated Quality of Service in the transmission nodes.

According to ~~one development~~ an embodiment of the method according to the present invention, the Quality of Service is ~~produces~~ produced on the basis of priorities, with the high Quality of Service being stated as the high priority and the low Quality of Service being stated as the low priority, and the Quality of Service tag has been stated as the priority tag —~~claim 14~~. The prioritized transmission of the packet streams with a high Quality of Service can thus be achieved in a simple manner ~~by means of~~ via known mechanisms for priority control.

According to ~~one refinement~~ yet another embodiment of the method according to the present invention, the network gateway device is in the form of an edge device —~~claim 7~~—, the packets are in the form of Internet packets —~~claim 15~~—, and the controller is in the form of a gatekeeper in accordance with International Standard H.323 —~~claim 16~~. The method according to the present invention then can thus advantageously be introduced into the existing infrastructure of a modern Internet. Furthermore, the Quality of Service can be allocated as a function of the permissibility check by the gatekeeper.

Additional features and advantages of the present invention are described in, and will be apparent from, the following Detailed Description of the Invention and the Figures.

~~The method according to the invention will be explained in more detail in the following text with reference to two figures, in which:~~

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

Figure 1 shows a block diagram relating to the transmission, ~~according to the invention,~~ of prioritized packet streams via a communications network with Qualities of Service, ~~and in accordance with the teachings of the present invention.~~

Figure 2 uses a flowchart to show the integration of the method according to the present invention in a transmission in accordance with International Standards H.323, H.225 and H.245.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

By way of example, Figure 1 shows three communications networks KN which, for example, are in the form of packet-oriented, convergent voice/data networks. In this case, the first communications network KN (1) is referred to as the first local area network LAN L1, the second communications network KN (2) is the Internet IN, and the third communications network KN (3) is a second LAN L2. Packet streams ST which ~~comprise~~ include a sequence of packets PA can be transmitted in the communications networks KN as a function of the Qualities of Service DG with at least one high Quality of Service HD and one low Quality of Service ND ~~in each case being provided in each case.~~ The packets PA are used to transmit information INF which, for example, represents voice information V or data D. The communications networks KN are connected to one another ~~by means of~~ via a network gateway device NE, with the Internet IN being connected by a first network gateway device NE (ED (1)) to the local area network L1 and by a second network gateway device NE (ED (2)) to the LAN L2, and with the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) in this case, for example, being in the form of a first edge device ED (1), and the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) being in the form of a second edge device ED (2). A first telephone T (1) and a first computer C (1) are also connected to the LAN L1, and a second telephone T (2) and a second computer C (2) are connected to the LAN L2, in both cases via network gateway devices NE which, for example, are in the form of plug-in cards K, electrical circuits ES or programs P. Voice information V is transmitted in voice packet streams STV between the two telephones T (1), T (2) - from the telephone T (1) to the telephone

T (2) in a first packet stream ST1 and in the opposite direction in a second packet stream ST2, and data D is transmitted by a third packet stream ST3 from the computer C (1) to the computer C (2). At least in the Internet IN, the packets PA in this case have Quality of Service tags DK, which are in the form of Quality of Service tags HDK representing the high Quality of Service HD in the packets PA in the packet streams ST1, ST2, and are in the form of Quality of Service tags NDK which represent the low Quality of Service ND in the packets PA in the packet stream ST3. The Quality of Service tags DK are in this case, for example, in the form of priority tags PK. Furthermore, a controller SF is provided in each of the two LANs L1, L2 and, in accordance with the International VoIP Standard H.323, is in the form of a gatekeeper GK for controlling the transmission of voice information V, with a first gatekeeper GK (1) being arranged in the LAN L1 and a second gatekeeper GK (2) being arranged in the LAN L2, and with these gatekeepers being connected by network gateway devices NE to the respective LANs L1, L2.

Signaling packets MP are interchanged between the gatekeepers GK and the edge devices ED, with first signaling packets M (1) being transmitted between the gatekeeper GK (1) and the network gateway device NE (ED (1)), second signaling packets MP (2) optionally being transmitted between the network gateway devices NE (ED (1)), NE (ED (2)), and third signaling packets M (3) being transmitted between the gatekeeper GK (2) and the network gateway device NE (ED (2)).

Furthermore, service use packets NP are transmitted between the telephones T and the gatekeepers GK, with first service use packets NP (1) being transmitted between the telephone T (1) and the gatekeeper GK (1), and second service use packets NP (2) being transmitted between the telephone T (2) and the gatekeeper GK (2).

By way of example, Figure 2 uses a flowchart to show the information interchange, which takes place when transmitting VoIP in accordance with VoIP Standards H.225 and H.245, between the end points EP which are in the form of telephones T (1) and T (2), the first gatekeeper GK (1) and the second gatekeeper GK (2), as well as the information interchange according to the present invention between the two gatekeepers GK (1), GK (2) and the two network gateway devices

NE (ED (1)), NE (ED (2)), with signals M and acknowledgements B according to the present invention also being provided in accordance with VoIP Standards H.225 and H.245, in addition to the message interchange. In this case - preferably using the signaling packets MP (1) - a first signal M (11), a second signal M (12), a third signal M (13) and a fourth signal M (14) are transmitted from the gatekeeper GK (1) to the network gateway device NE (ED (1)), and a first acknowledgement B (11) is transmitted from the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) to the gatekeeper GK (1). Analogously - preferably with the signaling packets MP (3) - a fifth signal M (21), a sixth signal M (22), a seventh signal M (23) and an eighth signal M (24) are, according to the present invention, transmitted from the gatekeeper GK (2) to the network gateway device NE (ED (2)), and a second acknowledgement B (21) is transmitted from the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) to the gatekeeper GK (2).

For the exemplary embodiment, it is assumed that a number of Qualities of Service DG are provided, at least in the Internet IN, and are indicated to the Internet by means of via the Quality of Service tag DK provided in the Internet packets IP. Furthermore, data D is already being transmitted by the computer C (1) to the computer C (2) ~~by means of~~ via the packet stream ST3 with the low Quality of Service ND. It is now also intended to transmit voice information V between the two end points EP, for example the telephones T (1), T (2), and this is intended to be done at least via the Internet IN using a high Quality of Service HD. To this end, once a telephone number which is structured in accordance with the International Standard E.164 has been entered, the telephone T (1) requests a connection to the telephone T (2). This is also referred to as call admission CA. During the first call admission CA (1), the telephone T (1) makes a request in the LAN L1 to transmit the packet stream ST1 to the telephone T (2), by the telephone T (1) sending a first admission request message ARQ (1) to the gatekeeper GA (1). The gatekeeper GK (1) then translates at least the telephone number to the Internet address of the telephone T (2). According to the present invention, the gatekeeper GK (1) also assigns the high Quality of Service HD to the packet stream ST1 and signals this to

the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) ~~by means of~~ via the signal M (11). For example, a transmission capacity of 64 kbps could be requested. The gatekeeper GK (1) then transmits a first admission confirmation message ACF (1) to the telephone T (1), and this can, optionally, be done as a function of the

5 acknowledgement B (11) sent back as the response from the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) to the gatekeeper GK (1). The telephone T (1) then initiates the process of setting up a connection to the telephone T (2) by sending to the telephone T (2) a call set-up message CS in accordance with the internationally standardized monitoring protocol H.225. In this case, inter alia, the protocol and port number of  
10 the telephone T (1) are also signaled to the gatekeeper GK (1), and are signaled by the gatekeeper GK (1) to the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) using the signal M (12).

Since, owing to the bidirectional character of a voice connection, two voice packet streams STV - the packet stream ST1 for transmission of the voice  
15 information V from the telephone T (1) to the telephone T (2), and the packet stream ST2 for transmitting the voice information V from the telephone T (2) to the telephone T (1) - are required, the telephone T (2) requests the packet stream ST2, once the call set-up message CS has been received. The packet stream ST2 is set up analogously to the setting up of the packet stream ST1. Following this, the  
20 telephone T (2) makes a second call admission CA (2), with the gatekeeper GK (2) signaling, once a second admission request message ARQ (2) has been received, the requested high Quality of Service HD to the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) ~~by means of~~ via the signal M (21) according to the invention. This could be acknowledged in an analogous manner using the acknowledgement B (21). The call  
25 admission CA is terminated by a second admission confirmation message ACF (2), following which the second telephone T (2) sends a connect message CO to the first telephone T (1). In order to complete the setting up of the connection, the protocol number and the port number of the telephone T (2) are signaled to the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) using the signal M (22). The voice information V is  
30 now transmitted with a high Quality of Service by means of the packet streams ST1,

ST2 between the two telephones T (1), T (2); that is, ~~to say~~ the transmission takes place with priority over the transmission of the packet stream ST3 which is to be transmitted with the low Quality of Service ND.

After completion of the call, the telephone T (1), for example, initiates the  
5 clearing of the connection, also referred to as "End Session", by sending to the  
telephone T (2) a first call teardown message CT (1) in accordance with  
International Standard H.245. Once this message has been received, at the earliest,  
the gatekeeper GK (1) can signal the clearing of the connection to the network  
gateway device NE (ED (1)) ~~by means of~~ via the signal M (13) following which the  
10 reserved high Quality of Service HD could be enabled by the network gateway  
device NE (ED (1)). Once the first call teardown message CT (1) has been received,  
the telephone T (2) likewise sends a second call teardown message CT (2), in  
response to which the gatekeeper GK (2) could also send the signal M (23) to the  
network gateway device NE (ED (2)). The signals M (13), M (23) contain, for  
15 example, the Internet addresses and port numbers of the two telephones T (1) and T  
(2), protocol numbers and/or the transmission capacities required by the voice  
packet streams STV. After receiving the call teardown message CT (2), the  
telephone T (1) sends a release complete message RC, and then initiates a first call  
disengage CD (1), by transmitting a first disengage request message DRQ (1) to the  
20 gatekeeper GK (1). The gatekeeper GK (1) then uses the signal M (14) to signal to  
the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) the end of the transmission of the packet  
stream ST1, and the call disengage CD (1) is completed by sending a first disengage  
confirm message DCF (1). After receiving the release complete message RC, the  
telephone T (2) initiates a second call disengage CD (2) in an analogous manner, by  
25 transmitting a second disengage request message DRQ (2) to the gatekeeper GK  
(2). The gatekeeper GK (2) then uses the signal M (24) to signal to the network  
gateway device NE (ED (2)) the end of the transmission of the packet stream ST2,  
and the call disengage CD (2) is completed by sending a second disengage confirm  
message DCF (2).

According to one variant of the present invention, the signaling packets MP (2) are used to signal the high Quality of Service HD of the packet stream ST1 to the network gateway device NE (ED (2)). The network gateway device NE (ED (2)) can thus advantageously ~~then~~ transmit the packet stream ST1 with priority; that is,   
5 ~~to say~~ both within the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) itself and, provided this is technically feasible in the LAN L2, by priority transmission to the LAN L2 and/or in the LAN L2.

According to a further variant of the present invention, the Qualities of Service DG are signaled to the network gateway devices NE (ED (1)), NE (ED (2))   
10 and to the gatekeeper GK using a reservation protocol; for example, the reservation protocol RSVP.

Finally, it should be mentioned that the present invention is not restricted to an Internet IN, but can be used in any packet-oriented communications network KN with Qualities of Service DG. For example, use in local area networks L1, L2 is   
15 ~~envisaged~~ envisioned. This is indicated in ~~figure~~ Figure 1 by the fact that the controllers SF, the computers C (1), C (2) and the telephones T (1), T (2) likewise access the local area networks L1, L2 using network gateway devices NE, in which case configuration of the network gateway device NE according to the present invention ~~by means of~~ via the controllers SF allows prioritized transmission, that is   
20 to say transmission carried out with a high Quality of Service HD, of voice information V in the local area networks L1, L2.

Indeed, although the present invention has been described with reference to specific embodiments, those of skill in the art will recognize that changes may be made thereto without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as set   
25 forth in the hereafter appended claims.



## Abstract

### ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

#### Method for allocation of a Quality of Service for a packet stream

For a service which is provided in at least one communications network ~~KN~~  
5 preferably an Internet with service classes - which transmits packets ~~PA~~ and/or  
packet streams ~~ST~~ on a packet-oriented basis as a function of Qualities of Service  
~~DG~~, use ~~NU~~ of the a service ~~DI~~ is requested with a controller ~~SF~~, and this controller  
~~SF~~ allocates a Quality of Service ~~DG~~ for the requested use ~~NU~~ as a function of the  
service ~~DI~~ and/or of the requested use ~~NU~~ of the service ~~DI~~. A VoIP service  
10 implemented in accordance with International Standard H.323 can thus be used  
with a required Quality of Service.

Figure 1

Patent Claims

1. A method for allocation of a Quality of Service (DG) for a service (DI), which is provided in at least one communications network (KN) which transmits packets (PA) and/or packet streams (ST) in a packet-oriented manner as a function of Qualities of Service (DG), having the following steps:
- 10 - use (NU) of the service (DI) is requested with a controller (SF),
  - the controller (SF) allocates the Quality of Service (DG) for the requested use (NU) of the service (DI) as a function of the service (DI) and/or of the requested use (NU) of the service (DI).

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## Description

Method for allocation of a Quality of Service for a packet stream

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Modern packet-oriented networks - also referred to as "data networks", - have until now been designed essentially for the transmission of packet streams, which are also referred to in the specialist world as "data packet streams". In this case, there is normally no need for any guaranteed transmission Quality of Service. The data packet streams are thus transmitted, for example, with fluctuating time delays, since the individual data packets in the data packet streams are normally transmitted in the sequence of their network access, that is to say the time delays become greater the greater the number of packets to be transmitted by a data network. In the specialist world, transmission of data is therefore also referred to as a transmission service without any realtime conditions, or as a "non-realtime service".

In the course of convergence of line-oriented voice and packet-oriented data networks, realtime services, that is to say transmission services subject to the realtime conditions such as the transmission of voice or moving picture information, are likewise increasingly being provided in packet-oriented networks, that is to say the previously normal realtime services which were transmitted on a line-oriented basis are transmitted in a packet-oriented manner, that is to say in packet streams, in a convergent voice/data network. These are also referred to as "realtime packet streams". This results in the problem that a high Quality of Service is required for packet-oriented transmission of a realtime service whose quality is comparable to that when using line-oriented transmission. In particular, a minimal - for example < 200 ms - delay without any

[illegible]

losses, cannot be compensated for by transmitting the rejected packets once again. Since, in principle, these Quality of Service requirements apply to all networks using packet-oriented transmission, they are independent of the specific configuration of a packet-oriented network. The packets may, in consequence, be in the form of Internet, x.25 or frame-relay packets, or else may be in the form of ATM cells.

- 10 In order to transmit voice and picture information via the packet-oriented Internet - also referred to as "VoIP" - the International Standard - in particular the H.323 Standard - contain proposed protocols for transmission through the Internet. In this case, the
- 15 network is broken down into a number of "H.323 zones", in each of which "gatekeepers" are provided for
- converting E.164 telephone numbers to computer names and/or to their Internet addresses,
  - permissibility checking for incoming and outgoing
  - 20 calls
  - management of transmission capacities
  - registration of H.323 terminals.

Since, however, the present H.323 Standards do not

25 include any guaranteed Qualities of Service for Internet transmission, the present VoIP technology has the disadvantage that the quality of voice and picture transmission decreases as the number of packets to be transmitted by the Internet rises. In this context,

30 K. Nichols, "Differentiated Services Operational Model and Definitions", IETF Draft, 1998 proposes that a number of service classes be introduced in the packet-oriented Internet, which previously did not guarantee any Qualities of Service. In this case, the individual

35 packet streams are each allocated to a specific service class and are transmitted with high priority or low priority in comparison to packets in other service classes, depending on their service class, by the

transmission nodes in the Internet. The Quality of Service required for realtime services can thus be guaranteed, for example, by

allocating the associated realtime packet streams to a service class which is transmitted with high priority by the nodes in the Internet - the realtime packet streams are thus prioritized over the data packet streams.

In principle, network access monitoring is required at least for the prioritized traffic for priority-controlled transmission, since the required Quality of Service can be guaranteed only when the number of prioritized packets supplied to the network is not greater than the maximum number which can be transmitted by the network. To this end, network gateway devices - also referred to as "edge devices" - have been proposed for the Internet with a number of service classes, and these devices provide the network access monitoring. In this case, the edge devices can

- set priority tags in the packets depending on the priority of their packet streams
- monitor priority tags of packet streams and correct them if necessary, if the packets are already tagged with priorities, and
- monitor the transmission capacity of prioritized packet streams.

Until now, there has been no control over the allocation of the Quality of Service, that is to say there is a problem as to how Qualities of Service for the packet streams are requested, allocated and signaled to the edge devices before being transmitted. A method is known, in which a reservation protocol RSVP is used by each transmission node in a communications network to request a Quality of Service required for the transmission of a packet stream, and in which the packet stream is not transmitted if at least one transmission node cannot provide the requested Quality of Service. In this case, the reservation protocol RSVP must be provided in each of the transmission nodes.

The invention is thus based on the object of designing a method for allocation of a Quality of Service for the transmission of a packet stream via a packet-oriented communications network with



service classes. The object is achieved by the features of patent claim 1.

5 The major aspect of the invention is the allocation of a Quality of Service for a service in which the service is provided in at least one communications network which transmits packets and/or packet streams in a packet-oriented manner as a function of Qualities of Service, use of the service is requested with a  
10 controller, and the controller allocates the Quality of Service for the requested use of the service as a function of the service and/or of the requested use of the service. The major advantage of the invention is that the use of the service is requested rather than  
15 the allocation of a Quality of Service. The controller can thus allocate different Qualities of Service to the requested service, for example with a high Quality of Service if the transmission capacity in the communications network is sufficient, and with a low  
20 Quality of Service if the transmission capacity in the communications network is insufficient. Furthermore, the Quality of Service is advantageously allocated on a packet-stream-specific basis. This is a particular advantage if transmission with a guaranteed packet-  
25 stream-specific Quality of Service is not provided in the communications network.

According to one refinement of the method according to the invention, the use of the service is requested  
30 without stating the Quality of Service - claim 2. There is thus advantageously no need to determine the Quality of Service when requesting use of the service.

According to a development of the method according to  
35 the invention, the service is in the form of transmission of information, in particular voice information - claim 3. In accordance with one refinement of the method according to the invention,

when the service is being used by the communications network, at least one packet stream which is allocated to the service is transmitted with the Quality of Service - claim 5. The invention can thus preferably

be used to satisfy particular Quality of Service requirements for the transmission of voice information via a packet-oriented communications network, in particular an integrated voice/data network.

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According to one variant of the method according to the invention, the controller checks whether the requested use of the service can be provided with the intended Quality of Service by the communications network -  
10 claim 4. The check is thus carried out by the controller and not by the communications network, thus relieving the load on the communications network.

According to one development of the method according to  
15 the invention, the controller signals the Quality of Service of the packet stream to a network gateway device, before the network gateway device transmits the packet stream with its Quality of Service to the packet-oriented communications network - claim 6. This  
20 advantageously means that the packet stream is transmitted by the network gateway device with the allocated Quality of Service to the communications network.

25 According to one development of the method according to the invention, at least one acknowledgement of the signaled Quality of Service is required for the permissibility of the packet stream - claim 8. This ensures that the packet stream is permissible only if  
30 the allocated Quality of Service can be transmitted. The signaling and subsequent acknowledgement of the Quality of Service can thus be integrated in the permissibility check, by which means the permissibility check and the allocation of the Quality of Service can  
35 advantageously be carried out as a unit, that is to say consistently.

According to one refinement of the method according to the invention, the Quality of Service is signaled with the aid of signaling packets - claim 9. The signal can thus

advantageously be transmitted in the same way that the packet stream is transmitted.

According to one refinement of the method according to the invention, at least one high Quality of Service and one low Quality of Service are provided in the communications network - claim 10. In this case, the invention provides for the packet streams with a high Quality of Service to be transmitted with priority by the network gateway device - claim 11. Packet streams which are intended for transmitting information in realtime, that is to say with delay times that are as short as possible, can thus be transmitted with priority over packet streams which can transmit information with variable delay times. Examples of information which are transmitted with a high Quality of Service are voice or video telephony. Examples of information which are transmitted with a low Quality of Service are E-mail, files or Internet pages.

According to one refinement of the method according to the invention, a Quality of Service tag is provided in the packets in the data streams - claim 12. In this case, the network gateway device transmits those packet streams which are to be transmitted by it with a high Quality of Service with a first Quality of Service tag which represents the high Quality of Service, and transmits the remaining packet streams with a second Quality of Service tag, which represents the low Quality of Service - claim 13. Transmitting the allocated Quality of Service in the packets in the data stream thus makes it possible, by reading the Quality of Service tag in the transmission node in the communications network, to determine the allocated Quality of Service while the packet stream is being transmitted, thus making it unnecessary to store the allocated Quality of Service in the transmission nodes.



low Quality of Service being stated as the low priority, and the Quality of Service tag has been stated as the priority tag - claim 14. The prioritized transmission of the packet streams with a high Quality of Service can thus be achieved in a simple manner by means of known mechanisms for priority control.

According to one refinement of the method according to the invention, the network gateway device is in the form of an edge device - claim 7 -, the packets are in the form of Internet packets - claim 15 -, and the controller is in the form of a gatekeeper in accordance with International Standard H.323 - claim 16. The method according to the invention can thus advantageously be introduced into the existing infrastructure of a modern Internet. Furthermore, the Quality of Service can be allocated as a function of the permissibility check by the gatekeeper.

The method according to the invention will be explained in more detail in the following text with reference to two figures, in which:

Figure 1 shows a block diagram relating to the transmission, according to the invention, of prioritized packet streams via a communications network with Qualities of Service, and

Figure 2 uses a flowchart to show the integration of the method according to the invention in a transmission in accordance with International Standards H.323, H.225 and H.245.

By way of example, Figure 1 shows three communications networks KN which, for example, are in the form of packet-oriented, convergent voice/data networks. In this case, the first communications network KN (1) is

referred to as the first local area network LAN L1, the second communications network KN (2) is the Internet IN, and the third communications network KN (3) is a second LAN L2. Packet streams ST which comprise a sequence of packets PA can be transmitted in the communications networks KN as a



function of the Qualities of Service DG with at least one high Quality of Service HD and one low Quality of Service ND in each case being provided. The packets PA are used to transmit information INF which, for example, represents voice information V or data D. The communications networks KN are connected to one another by means of a network gateway device NE, with the Internet IN being connected by a first network gateway device NE (ED (1)) to the local area network L1 and by a second network gateway device NE (ED (2)) to the LAN L2, and with the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) in this case, for example, being in the form of a first edge device ED (1), and the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) being in the form of a second edge device ED (2). A first telephone T (1) and a first computer C (1) are also connected to the LAN L1, and a second telephone T (2) and a second computer C (2) are connected to the LAN L2, in both cases via network gateway devices NE which, for example, are in the form of plug-in cards K, electrical circuits ES or programs P. Voice information V is transmitted in voice packet streams STV between the two telephones T (1), T (2) - from the telephone T (1) to the telephone T (2) in a first packet stream ST1 and in the opposite direction in a second packet stream ST2, - and data D is transmitted by a third packet stream ST3 from the computer C (1) to the computer C (2). At least in the Internet IN, the packets PA in this case have Quality of Service tags DK, which are in the form of Quality of Service tags HDK representing the high Quality of Service HD in the packets PA in the packet streams ST1, ST2, and are in the form of Quality of Service tags NDK which represent the low Quality of Service ND in the packets PA in the packet stream ST3. The Quality of Service tags DK are in this case, for example, in the form of priority tags PK. Furthermore, a controller SF is provided in each of the two LANs L1, L2 and, in

accordance with the International VoIP Standard H.323,  
is in the form of a gatekeeper GK for controlling the  
transmission of voice information V, with a first  
gatekeeper GK (1) being arranged in the LAN L1 and a  
5 second gatekeeper GK (2) being arranged in the LAN L2,  
and with these gatekeepers being connected by network  
gateway devices NE to the respective LANs

L1, L2. Signaling packets MP are interchanged between the gatekeepers GK and the edge devices ED, with first signaling packets M (1) being transmitted between the gatekeeper GK (1) and the network gateway device NE (ED (1)), second signaling packets MP (2) optionally being transmitted between the network gateway devices NE (ED (1)), NE (ED (2)), and third signaling packets M (3) being transmitted between the gatekeeper GK (2) and the network gateway device NE (ED (2)). Furthermore, service use packets NP are transmitted between the telephones T and the gatekeepers GK, with first service use packets NP (1) being transmitted between the telephone T (1) and the gatekeeper GK (1), and second service use packets NP (2) being transmitted between the telephone T (2) and the gatekeeper GK (2).

By way of example, Figure 2 uses a flowchart to show the information interchange, which takes place when transmitting VoIP in accordance with VoIP Standards H.225 and H.245, between the end points EP which are in the form of telephones T (1) and T (2), the first gatekeeper GK (1) and the second gatekeeper GK (2), as well as the information interchange according to the invention between the two gatekeepers GK (1), GK (2) and the two network gateway devices NE (ED (1)), NE (ED (2)), with signals M and acknowledgements B according to the invention also being provided in accordance with VoIP Standards H.225 and H.245, in addition to the message interchange. In this case - preferably using the signaling packets MP (1) - a first signal M (11), a second signal M (12), a third signal M (13) and a fourth signal M (14) are transmitted from the gatekeeper GK (1) to the network gateway device NE (ED (1)), and a first acknowledgement B (11) is transmitted from the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) to the gatekeeper GK (1). Analogously - preferably with the signaling packets MP (3) - a fifth signal M (21), a

sixth signal M (22), a seventh signal M (23) and an eighth signal M (24) are, according to the invention, transmitted from the gatekeeper GK (2) to the network gateway device NE (ED (2)), and a second  
5 acknowledgement B (21) is transmitted

from the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) to the gatekeeper GK (2).

For the exemplary embodiment, it is assumed that a  
5 number of Qualities of Service DG are provided, at  
least in the Internet IN, and are indicated to the  
Internet by means of the Quality of Service tag DK  
provided in the Internet packets IP. Furthermore, data  
D is already being transmitted by the computer C (1) to  
10 the computer C (2) by means of the packet stream ST3  
with the low Quality of Service ND. It is now also  
intended to transmit voice information V between the  
two end points EP, for example the telephones T (1), T  
(2), and this is intended to be done at least via the  
15 Internet IN using a high Quality of Service HD. To this  
end, once a telephone number which is structured in  
accordance with the International Standard E.164 has  
been entered, the telephone T (1) requests a connection  
to the telephone T (2). This is also referred to as  
20 call admission CA. During the first call admission CA  
(1), the telephone T (1) makes a request in the LAN L1  
to transmit the packet stream ST1 to the telephone T  
(2), by the telephone T (1) sending a first admission  
request message ARQ (1) to the gatekeeper GA (1). The  
25 gatekeeper GK (1) then translates at least the  
telephone number to the Internet address of the  
telephone T (2). According to the invention, the  
gatekeeper GK (1) also assigns the high Quality of  
Service HD to the packet stream ST1 and signals this to  
30 the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) by means of the  
signal M (11). For example, a transmission capacity of  
64 kbps could be requested. The gatekeeper GK (1) then  
transmits a first admission confirmation message ACF  
(1) to the telephone T (1), and this can optionally be  
35 done as a function of the acknowledgement B (11) sent  
back as the response from the network gateway device NE  
(ED (1)) to the gatekeeper GK (1). The telephone T (1)

then initiates the process of setting up a connection to the telephone T (2) by sending to the telephone T (2) a call set-up message CS in accordance with the internationally standardized monitoring protocol H.225.

5 In this case, inter alia, the

protocol and port number of the telephone T (1) are also signaled to the gatekeeper GK (1), and are signaled by the gatekeeper GK (1) to the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) using the signal M (12).

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Since, owing to the bidirectional character of a voice connection, two voice packet streams STV - the packet stream ST1 for transmission of the voice information V from the telephone T (1) to the telephone T (2), and the packet stream ST2 for transmitting the voice information V from the telephone T (2) to the telephone T (1) - are required, the telephone T (2) requests the packet stream ST2, once the call set-up message CS has been received. The packet stream ST2 is set up analogously to the setting up of the packet stream ST1. Following this, the telephone T (2) makes a second call admission CA (2), with the gatekeeper GK (2) signaling, once a second admission request message ARQ (2) has been received, the requested high Quality of Service HD to the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) by means of the signal M (21) according to the invention. This could be acknowledged in an analogous manner using the acknowledgement B (21). The call admission CA is terminated by a second admission confirmation message ACF (2), following which the second telephone T (2) sends a connect message CO to the first telephone T (1). In order to complete the setting up of the connection, the protocol number and the port number of the telephone T (2) are signaled to the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) using the signal M (22). The voice information V is now transmitted with a high Quality of Service by means of the packet streams ST1, ST2 between the two telephones T (1), T (2), that is to say the transmission takes place with priority over the transmission of the packet stream ST3 which is to be transmitted with the low Quality of Service ND.

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After completion of the call, the telephone T (1), for example, initiates the clearing of the connection, also referred to as "End Session", by sending to the telephone T (2) a first call teardown message CT (1) in  
5 accordance with International

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Standard H.245. Once this message has been received, at the earliest, the gatekeeper GK (1) can signal the clearing of the connection to the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) by means of the signal M (13) following which the reserved high Quality of Service HD could be enabled by the network gateway device NE (ED (1)). Once the first call teardown message CT (1) has been received, the telephone T (2) likewise sends a second call teardown message CT (2), in response to which the gatekeeper GK (2) could also send the signal M (23) to the network gateway device NE (ED (2)). The signals M (13), M (23) contain, for example, the Internet addresses and port numbers of the two telephones T (1) and T (2), protocol numbers and/or the transmission capacities required by the voice packet streams STV. After receiving the call teardown message CT (2), the telephone T (1) sends a release complete message RC, and then initiates a first call disengage CD (1), by transmitting a first disengage request message DRQ (1) to the gatekeeper GK (1). The gatekeeper GK (1) then uses the signal M (14) to signal to the network gateway device NE (ED (1)) the end of the transmission of the packet stream ST1, and the call disengage CD (1) is completed by sending a first disengage confirm message DCF (1). After receiving the release complete message RC, the telephone T (2) initiates a second call disengage CD (2) in an analogous manner, by transmitting a second disengage request message DRQ (2) to the gatekeeper GK (2). The gatekeeper GK (2) then uses the signal M (24) to signal to the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) the end of the transmission of the packet stream ST2, and the call disengage CD (2) is completed by sending a second disengage confirm message DCF (2).

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According to one variant of the invention, the signaling packets MP (2) are used to signal the high Quality of Service HD of the packet stream ST1 to the

network gateway device NE (ED (2)). The network gateway device NE (ED (2)) can thus advantageously

transmit the packet stream ST1 with priority, that is to say both within the network gateway device NE (ED (2)) itself and, provided this is technically feasible in the LAN L2, by priority transmission to the LAN L2 and/or in the LAN L2.

According to a further variant of the invention, the Qualities of Service DG are signaled to the network gateway devices NE (ED (1)), NE (ED (2)) and to the gatekeeper GK using a reservation protocol, for example the reservation protocol RSVP.

Finally, it should be mentioned that the invention is not restricted to an Internet IN, but can be used in any packet-oriented communications network KN with Qualities of Service DG. For example, use in local area networks L1, L2 is envisaged. This is indicated in figure 1 by the fact that the controllers SF, the computers C (1), C (2) and the telephones T (1), T (2) likewise access the local area networks L1, L2 using network gateway devices NE, in which case configuration of the network gateway device NE according to the invention by means of the controllers SF allows prioritized transmission, that is to say transmission carried out with a high Quality of Service HD, of voice information V in the local area networks L1, L2.

## Patent Claims

1. A method for allocation of a Quality of Service (DG) for a service (DI), in which
  - 5 - the service (DI) is provided in at least one communications network (KN) which transmits packets (PA) and/or packet streams (ST) in a packet-oriented manner as a function of Qualities of Service (DG),
  - 10 - use (NU) of the service (DI) is requested with a controller (SF), and
  - the controller (SF) allocates the Quality of Service (DG) for the requested use (NU) of the service (DI) as a function of the service (DI) and/or of the requested use (NU) of the service (DI).
2. The method as claimed in claim 1,  
characterized
  - 20 in that the use (NU) of the service (DI) is requested without stating the Quality of Service (DG).
3. The method as claimed in one of claims 1 or 2,  
characterized
  - 25 in that the service (DI) is in the form of the transmission of information (INF), in particular voice information (V).
- 30 4. The method as claimed in one of claims 1 to 3,  
characterized
  - 35 in that the controller (SF) checks whether the requested use (NU) of the service (DI) can be provided with the intended Quality of Service (DG) by the communications network (KN).

5. The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims,  
characterized  
in that, when the service (DI) is being used by  
the communications network (KN), at least one  
packet stream (ST) which is allocated to the  
service is transmitted with the Quality of Service  
(DG).
6. The method as claimed in claim 5,  
characterized  
in that the controller (SF) signals the Quality of  
Service (DG) of the packet stream (ST) to at least  
one network gateway device (NE), which then  
subsequently transmits the packet stream (ST) with  
the signaled Quality of Service (DG) to the  
packet-oriented communications network (KN).
7. The method as claimed in claim 6,  
characterized  
in that the network gateway device (NE) is in the  
form of an edge device (ED).
8. The method as claimed in one of claims 6 or 7,  
characterized  
in that at least one acknowledgement of the  
signaled Quality of Service (DG) is required for  
the allocation of the Quality of Service (DG).
9. The method as claimed in one of claims 6 to 8,  
characterized  
in that the Quality of Service (DG) is signaled  
using signaling packets (MP).
10. The method as claimed in one of the preceding  
claims,  
characterized

in that at least one high Quality of Service (HD)  
and one low Quality of Service (ND) are provided  
in the communications network (KN).

11. The method as claimed in claim 10,  
characterized  
in that the packet streams (ST) with the high  
Quality of Service (HD) are transmitted with  
5 priority by the network gateway device (NE).
12. The method as claimed in one of the preceding  
claims,  
characterized  
10 in that a Quality of Service tag (DK) is provided  
in the packets (PA).
13. The method as claimed in claim 12,  
characterized  
15 in that the network gateway device (NE) transmits  
those packet streams (ST) which are to be  
transmitted by it with a high Quality of Service  
(HD) with a first Quality of Service tag (HDK)  
which represents the high Quality of Service (HD),  
20 and transmits the remaining packet streams (ST)  
with a second Quality of Service tag (NDK), which  
represents the low Quality of Service (ND).
14. The method as claimed in claim 13,  
25 characterized  
in that the Quality of Service (DG) is produced on  
the basis of priorities (P), with the high Quality  
of Service (HD) being stated as the high priority  
(HP) and the low Quality of Service (ND) being  
30 stated as the low priority (NP), and the Quality  
of Service tag (DK) has been stated as the  
priority tag (PK).
15. The method as claimed in one of the preceding  
35 claims,  
characterized  
in that the packets (PA) are in the form of  
Internet packets (IP).

16. The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims,  
characterized  
5 in that the controller (SF) is in the form of a gatekeeper (GK) in accordance with International Standard H.323.



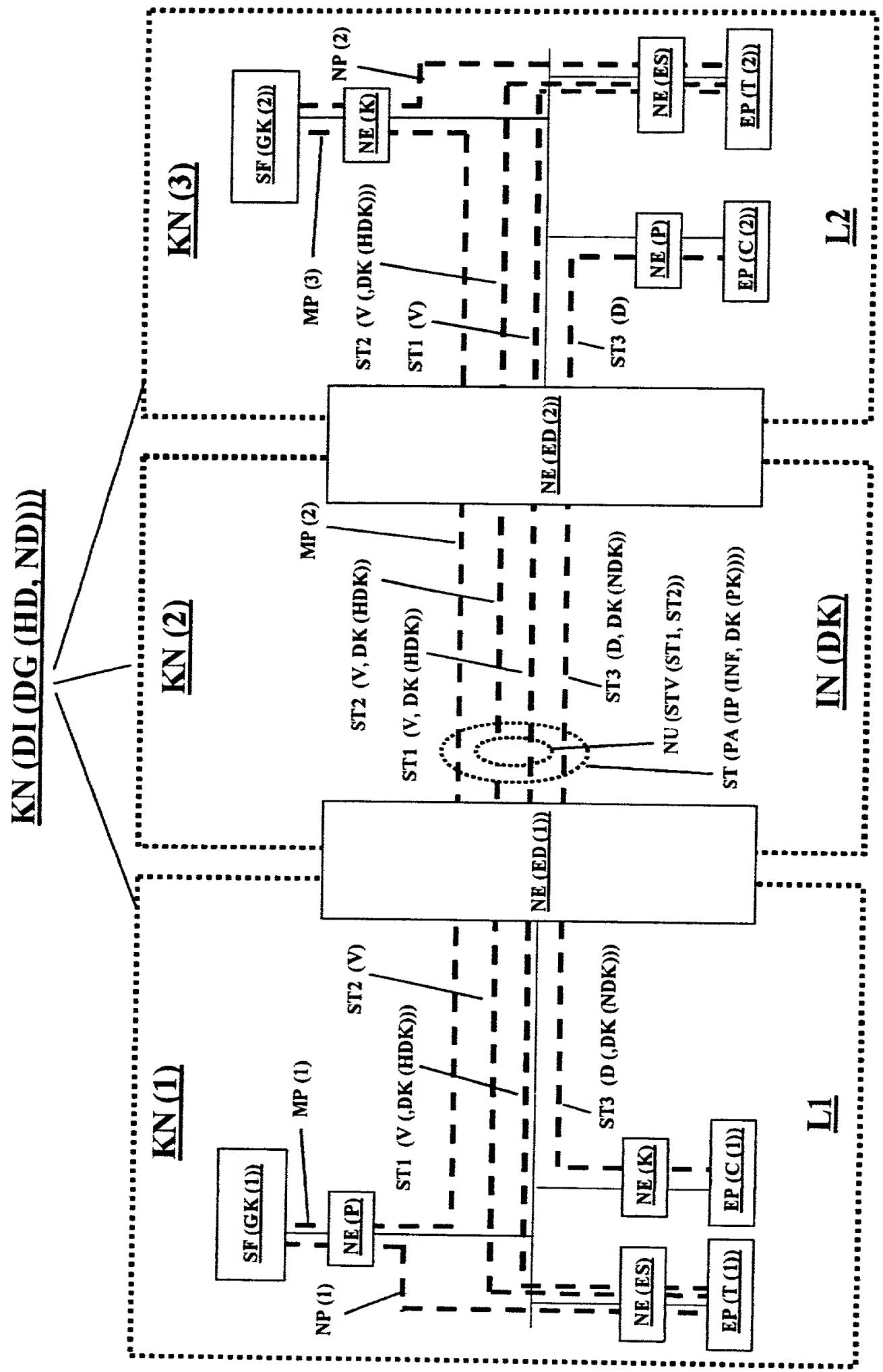


FIG 1

2/2

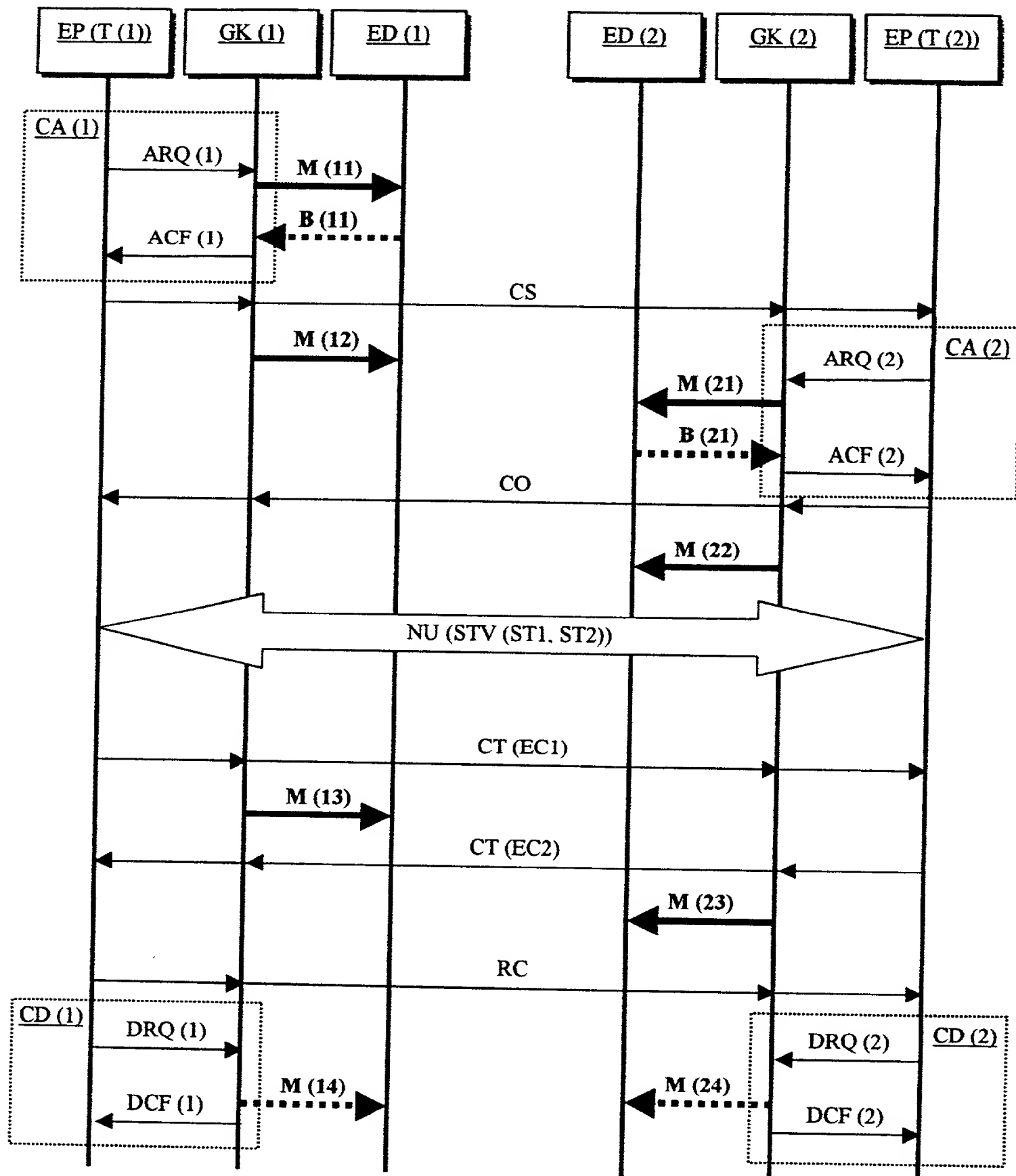


FIG 2

# Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

## Erklärung Für Patentanmeldungen Mit Vollmacht

### German Language Declaration

#3

Als nachstehend benannter Erfinder erkläre ich hiermit an Eides Statt:

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

dass mein Wohnsitz, meine Postanschrift, und meine Staatsangehörigkeit den im Nachstehenden nach meinem Namen aufgeführten Angaben entsprechen,

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

dass ich, nach bestem Wissen der ursprüngliche, erste und alleinige Erfinder (falls nachstehend nur ein Name angegeben ist) oder ein ursprünglicher, erster und Miterfinder (falls nachstehend mehrere Namen aufgeführt sind) des Gegenstandes bin, für den dieser Antrag gestellt wird und für den ein Patent beantragt wird für die Erfindung mit dem Titel:

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

#### Verfahren zur Vergabe einer Dienstquote fuer einen Paketstrom

#### Method for the allocation of a quality of service for a packet flow

deren Beschreibung

the specification of which

(zutreffendes ankreuzen)

(check one)

☐ hier beigefügt ist.

☐ is attached hereto.

☒ am 08.03.2000 als

☒ was filed on 08.03.2000 as

PCT internationale Anmeldung

PCT international application

PCT Anwendungsnummer PCT/DE00/00728

PCT Application No. PCT/DE00/00728

eingereicht wurde und am \_\_\_\_\_

and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_

abgeändert wurde (falls tatsächlich abgeändert).

(if applicable)

Ich bestätige hiermit, dass ich den Inhalt der obigen Patentanmeldung einschliesslich der Ansprüche durchgesehen und verstanden habe, die eventuell durch einen Zusatzantrag wie oben erwähnt abgeändert wurde.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims as amended by any amendment referred to above.

Ich erkenne meine Pflicht zur Offenbarung irgendwelcher Informationen, die für die Prüfung der vorliegenden Anmeldung in Einklang mit Absatz 37, Bundesgesetzbuch, Paragraph 1.56(a) von Wichtigkeit sind, an.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a).

Ich beanspruche hiermit ausländische Prioritätsvorteile gemäss Abschnitt 35 der Zivilprozessordnung der Vereinigten Staaten, Paragraph 119 aller unten angegebenen Auslandsanmeldungen für ein Patent oder eine Erfindersurkunde, und habe auch alle Auslandsanmeldungen für ein Patent oder eine Erfindersurkunde nachstehend gekennzeichnet, die ein Anmeldedatum haben, das vor dem Anmeldedatum der Anmeldung liegt, für die Priorität beansprucht wird.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

## German Language Declaration

Prior foreign applications

Priorität beansprucht

Priority Claimed

19910585.5

DE

10.03.1999

☒

☐

(Number)

(Country)

(Day Month Year Filed)

Yes

No

(Nummer)

(Land)

(Tag Monat Jahr eingereicht)

Ja

Nein

(Number)

(Country)

(Day Month Year Filed)

☐

☐

(Nummer)

(Land)

(Tag Monat Jahr eingereicht)

Yes

No

Ja

Nein

(Number)

(Country)

(Day Month Year Filed)

☐

☐

(Nummer)

(Land)

(Tag Monat Jahr eingereicht)

Yes

No

Ja

Nein

Ich beanspruche hiermit gemäss Absatz 35 der Zivilprozessordnung der Vereinigten Staaten, Paragraph 120, den Vorzug aller unten aufgeführten Anmeldungen und falls der Gegenstand aus jedem Anspruch dieser Anmeldung nicht in einer früheren amerikanischen Patentanmeldung laut dem ersten Paragraphen des Absatzes 35 der Zivilprozessordnung der Vereinigten Staaten, Paragraph 122 offenbart ist, erkenne ich gemäss Absatz 37, Bundesgesetzbuch, Paragraph 1.56(a) meine Pflicht zur Offenbarung von Informationen an, die zwischen dem Anmeldedatum der früheren Anmeldung und dem nationalen oder PCT internationalen Anmeldedatum dieser Anmeldung bekannt geworden sind.

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §122, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

PCT/DE00/00728

08.03.2000

anhängig

pending

(Application Serial No.)  
(Anmeldeseriennummer)

(Filing Date D, M, Y)  
(Anmeldedatum T, M, J)

(Status)  
(patentiert, anhängig,  
aufgegeben)

(Status)  
(patented, pending,  
abandoned)

(Application Serial No.)  
(Anmeldeseriennummer)

(Filing Date D,M,Y)  
(Anmeldedatum T, M; J)

(Status)  
(patentiert, anhängig,  
aufgeben)

(Status)  
(patented, pending,  
abandoned)

Ich erkläre hiermit, dass alle von mir in der vorliegenden Erklärung gemachten Angaben nach meinem besten Wissen und Gewissen der vollen Wahrheit entsprechen, und dass ich diese eidesstattliche Erklärung in Kenntnis dessen abgebe, dass wissentlich und vorsätzlich falsche Angaben gemäss Paragraph 1001, Absatz 18 der Zivilprozessordnung der Vereinigten Staaten von Amerika mit Geldstrafe belegt und/oder Gefängnis bestraft werden koennen, und dass derartig wissentlich und vorsätzlich falsche Angaben die Gültigkeit der vorliegenden Patentanmeldung oder eines darauf erteilten Patentes gefährden können.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

# German Language Declaration

VERTRETUNGSVOLLMACHT: Als benannter Erfinder beauftrage ich hiermit den nachstehend benannten Patentanwalt (oder die nachstehend benannten Patentanwälte) und/oder Patent-Agenten mit der Verfolgung der vorliegenden Patentanmeldung sowie mit der Abwicklung aller damit verbundenen Geschäfte vor dem Patent- und Warenzeichenamt: (Name und Registrationsnummer anführen)

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. (list name and registration number)



29177

PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE

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And I hereby appoint

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Three First National Plaza, 70 West Madison Street, Suite 3300 60602-4207 Chicago, Illinois  
Telephone: (001) 312 372 11 21 and Facsimile (001) 312 372 20 98  
or  
Customer No.

Voller Name des einzigen oder ursprünglichen Erfinders:		Full name of sole or first inventor:	
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Unterschrift des Erfinders	Datum	Inventor's signature	Date
<i>Rudolf Bitzinger</i>	8/28/01		
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AT		AT	
Postanschrift		Post Office Address	
LECHBRUCKER STR. 11		LECHBRUCKER STR. 11	
81476 MUENCHEN		81476 MUENCHEN	
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Dr. CHRISTIAN PREHOFFER		Dr. CHRISTIAN PREHOFFER	
Unterschrift des Erfinders	Datum	Second Inventor's signature	Date
<i>Christian Prehoffer</i>	3/3/01		
Wohnsitz		Residence	
MUENCHEN, DEUTSCHLAND		MUENCHEN, GERMANY DEX	
Staatsangehörigkeit		Citizenship	
DE		DE	
Postanschrift		Post Office Address	
WENGLEINSTR.7		WENGLEINSTR.7	
81477 MUENCHEN		81477 MUENCHEN	

(Bitte entsprechende Informationen und Unterschriften im Falle von dritten und weiteren Miterfindern angeben).

(Supply similar information and signature for third and subsequent joint inventors).

3-00

Voller Name des dritten Miterfinders: <b>VIKTOR RANSMAYR</b>		Full name of third joint inventor: <b>VIKTOR RANSMAYR</b>	
Unterschrift des Erfinders <i>[Signature]</i>	Datum <b>8/28/01</b>	Inventor's signature <i>V. Ransmayr</i>	Date <b>8/30/01</b>
Wohnsitz <b>MUENCHEN, DEUTSCHLAND</b>		Residence <b>MUENCHEN, GERMANY</b> <b>DEX</b>	
Staatsangehörigkeit <b>DE</b>		Citizenship <b>DE</b>	
Postanschrift <b>BARERSTR. 66/DG</b>		Post Office Address <b>BARERSTR. 66/DG</b>	
<b>80799 MUENCHEN</b>		<b>80799 MUENCHEN</b>	
Voller Name des vierten Miterfinders:		Full name of fourth joint inventor:	
Unterschrift des Erfinders	Datum	Inventor's signature	Date
Wohnsitz		Residence	
Staatsangehörigkeit		Citizenship	
Postanschrift		Post Office Address	
Voller Name des fünften Miterfinders:		Full name of fifth joint inventor:	
Unterschrift des Erfinders	Datum	Inventor's signature	Date
Wohnsitz		Residence	
Staatsangehörigkeit		Citizenship	
Postanschrift		Post Office Address	
Voller Name des sechsten Miterfinders:		Full name of sixth joint inventor:	
Unterschrift des Erfinders	Datum	Inventor's signature	Date
Wohnsitz		Residence	
Staatsangehörigkeit		Citizenship	
Postanschrift		Post Office Address	

(Bitte entsprechende Informationen und Unterschriften im Falle von dritten und weiteren Miterfindern angeben).

(Supply similar information and signature for third and subsequent joint inventors).